

FEATURES

- Fully compatible with ISO 11898 standard
- Thermally protected
- Overcurrent protection function
- Very low-current standby mode ($<5\mu A$)
- Transceiver in unpowered state disengages from the bus (zero load)
- At least 110 nodes can be connected
- High speed (up to 1 MBaud)
- High anti-electromagnetic interference ability

PRODUCT APPEARANCE



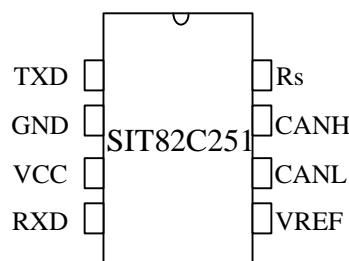
Provide Green and Environmentally Friendly Lead-free package

DESCRIPTION

SIT82C251 is an interface chip applied between the CAN protocol controller and the physical bus. It can be used in in-vehicle, industrial control and other fields. The rate can reach 1Mbps. The device provides differential transmit capability to the bus and differential receive capability to the CAN controller.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage	V _{cc}		4.5	5.5	V
Supply current	I _{cc}	Standby		10	uA
Maximum transmission rate	1/t _{bit}	Non-return to zero code	1		Mbaud
DC voltage on pin CANH and CANL	V _{can}		-40	+40	V
Bus differential voltage	V _{diff}		1.5	3.0	V
Virtual junction temperature	T _{amb}		-40	125	°C

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	TXD	transmit data input
2	GND	ground supply
3	VCC	supply voltage
4	RXD	receive data output; reads out data from the bus lines
5	VREF	reference voltage output
6	CANL	LOW-level CAN bus line
7	CANH	HIGH-level CAN bus line
8	Rs	standby mode control input

LIMITING VALUES

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3~+7	V
MCU side port	TXD, RXD, VREF, Rs	-0.3~VCC+0.3	V
Voltage range at any bus terminal	CANL, CANH	-40~40	V
Transient voltage on pins CANH, CANL see Fig. 7	V _{tr}	-200~+200	V
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C
Virtual junction temperature	T _j	-40~150	°C
Ambient temperature	T _{amb}	-40~125	°C
Welding temperature range		300	°C
Continuous power consumption	SOP8	400	mW
	DIP8	700	mW

The maximum limit parameters mean that exceeding these values may cause irreversible damage to the device. Under these conditions, it is not conducive to the normal operation of the device. The continuous operation of the device at the maximum allowable rating may affect the reliability of the device. The reference point for all voltages is ground.

DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
CANH dominant output voltage	V _{OH(D)}	VI=0V, Rs=0V, RL=60Ω, Fig 1 , Fig 2	2.9	3.4	4.5	V
CANL dominant output voltage	V _{OL(D)}		0.8		1.5	V
Bus recessive output voltage	V _{O(R)}	VI=3V, Rs=0V, RL=60Ω, Fig 1 , Fig 2	2	2.5	3	V
Bus dominant differential output voltage	V _{OD(D)}	VI=0V, Rs=0V, RL=60Ω, Fig 1 , Fig 2	1.5		3	V
Bus recessive differential output voltage	V _{OD(R)}	VI=3V, Rs=0V, Fig 1 , Fig 2	-0.012		0.012	V
		VI=3V, Rs=0V, NO LOAD	-0.5		0.05	V
Transmitter dominant voltage symmetry	V _{dom(TX)sym}	V _{dom(TX)sym} =V _{CC} - V _{CANH} - V _{CANL}	-400		400	mV
Transmitter voltage symmetry	V _{TXsym}	V _{TXsym} =V _{CANH} + V _{CANL}	0.9V _{CC}		1.1V _{CC}	V
Common-mode output voltage	V _{OC}	Rs=0V, Fig 8	2	2.5	3	V
Peak-to-peak Common-mode output voltage	△V _{OC}			30		mV
Short-circuit output current	I _{os}	CANH=-12V, CANL=open, Fig 10	-105	-72		mA
		CANH=12V, CANL=open, Fig 10		0.36	1	mA
		CANL=-12V, CANH=open, Fig 10	-1	0.5		mA
		CANL=12V, CANH=open, Fig 10		71	105	mA
Recessive output current	I _{O(R)}	-27V<CANH<32V 0<V _{CC} <5.25V	-2.0		2.5	mA

(Unless specified otherwise, V_{CC}=5V±10%, -40°C≤T_{amb}≤125°C, typical in V_{CC}=+5V, T_{amb}=25°C).

DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	t_{PLH}	$R_s=0V$, Fig 4	25	65	120	ns
Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	t_{PHL}		25	45	90	ns
Differential output signal rise time	tr			25		ns
Differential output signal fall time	tf			50		ns
Enable time from standby mode to dominant	t_{EN}	Fig 7			10	μs
Bus wake-up filter time	t_{BUS}		0.7		5	μs

(Unless specified otherwise, $V_{CC}=5V\pm10\%$, $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{amb} \leq 125^{\circ}C$, typical in $V_{CC}=+5V$, $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$).

RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Positive-going input threshold voltage	V_{IT+}	$R_s=0V$, Fig 5		800	900	mV
Negative-going input threshold voltage	V_{IT-}		500	650		mV
Hysteresis voltage ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)	V_{HYS}		100	125		mV
High-level output voltage	V_{OH}	$I_O=-2mA$, Fig 6	4	4.6		V
Low-level output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_O=2mA$, Fig 6		0.2	0.4	V
Power-off bus input current	$I_{(OFF)}$	CANH or CANL=5V, Other pin=0V			5	μA
Input capacitance to ground (CANH or CANL)	C_I			13		pF
Differential input capacitance	C_{ID}			5		pF
Input resistance, (CANH or CANL)	R_{IN}	$TxD=3V$, $R_s=0V$	d15	30	40	k Ω

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Differential input resistance	R _{ID}		30		80	kΩ
Input resistance matching	R _I _{match}	CANH=CANL	-3%		3%	
The range of common-mode voltage	V _{COM}		-12		12	V

(Unless specified otherwise, V_{CC}=5V±10%, -40°C≤T_{amb}≤125°C, typical in V_{CC}=+5V, T_{amb}=25°C).

RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	t _{PLH}	R _s =0V or V _{CC} , Fig 6	60	100	130	ns
Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	t _{PHL}		45	70	90	ns
RXD signal rise time	t _r			8		ns
RXD signal fall time	t _f			8		ns

(Unless specified otherwise, V_{CC}=5V±10%, -40°C≤T_{amb}≤125°C, typical in V_{CC}=+5V, T_{amb}=25°C).

DEVICE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Loop delay1, driver input to receiver output, Recessive to Dominant	t _{d(LOOP1)}	R _s =0V, Fig 9	90		190	ns
Loop delay 2, driver input to receiver output, Dominant to Recessive	t _{d(LOOP2)}		90		190	ns

(Unless specified otherwise, V_{CC}=5V±10%, -40°C≤T_{amb}≤125°C, typical in V_{CC}=+5V, T_{amb}=25°C).

OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Shutdown junction temperature	T _{j(sd)}			160		°C

TXD-PIN CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
HIGH-level input current	$I_{IH}(TXD)$	$V_I=VCC$	-2		2	μA
LOW-level input current	$I_{IL}(TXD)$	$V_I=0$	-50		-10	μA
When $VCC=0V$, current on TXD pin	$I_o(off)$	$VCC=0V, TXD=5V$			1	μA
HIGH-level input voltage	V_{IH}		2		$VCC+0.3$	V
LOW-level input voltage	V_{IL}		-0.3		0.8	V
Open voltage on TXD pin	$TXDo$		H			logic

(Unless specified otherwise, $VCC=5V\pm10\%$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_{amb} \leq 125^\circ C$, typical in $VCC=+5V$, $T_{amb}=25^\circ C$).

COMMON-MODE STABILIZATION OUTPUT

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Common-mode stabilization output voltage	V_O	$-500\mu A < I_o < 500\mu A$	$0.3VCC$		$0.7VCC$	V
Leakage current	$I_{O(RS)}$	$R_s=2V$, $-12V < V_O < 12V$	-5		5	μA

(Unless specified otherwise, $VCC=5V\pm10\%$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_{amb} \leq 125^\circ C$, typical in $VCC=+5V$, $T_{amb}=25^\circ C$).

SUPPLY CURRENT

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Standby	I_{CC}	$R_s=VCC$, $V_I=VCC$		5	12	μA
Dominant		$V_I=0V$, $R_s=0V$, LOAD= 60Ω		50	70	mA
Recessive		$V_I=VCC$, $R_s=0V$, NO LOAD		6	10	mA

(Unless specified otherwise, $VCC=5V\pm10\%$, $-40^\circ C \leq T_{amb} \leq 125^\circ C$, typical in $VCC=+5V$, $T_{amb}=25^\circ C$).

ESD PERFORMANCE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
CAN bus pin human body discharge model (HBM)	V_{ESD_HBM}		-8		+8	kV

FUNCTION TABLE
Table1.CAN TRANSCEIVER TRUTH TABLE

V _{CC}	TXD ⁽¹⁾	R _s ⁽¹⁾	CANH ⁽¹⁾	CANL ⁽¹⁾	BUS STATE	RXD ⁽¹⁾
4.5V~5.5V	L	L	H	L	Dominate	L
4.5V~5.5V	H or Open	X	0.5V _{CC}	0.5V _{CC}	Recessive	H
4.5V~5.5V	X	H or Open	0.5V _{CC}	0.5V _{CC}	Recessive	H
0<V _{CC} <4.5V	X	X	0V<V _{CANH} <V _{CC}	0V<V _{CANL} <V _{CC}	Recessive	X

(1) H=high level; L=low level; X=irrelevant.

Table 2. DRIVER FUNCTION TABLE

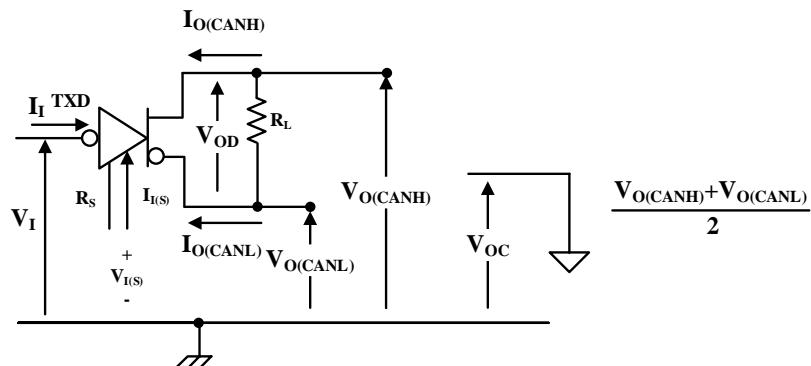
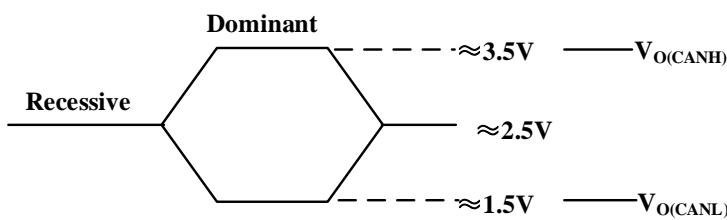
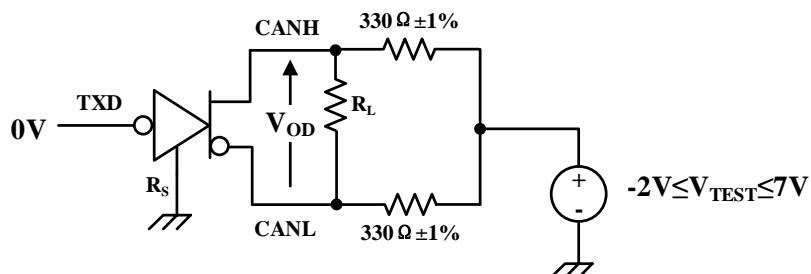
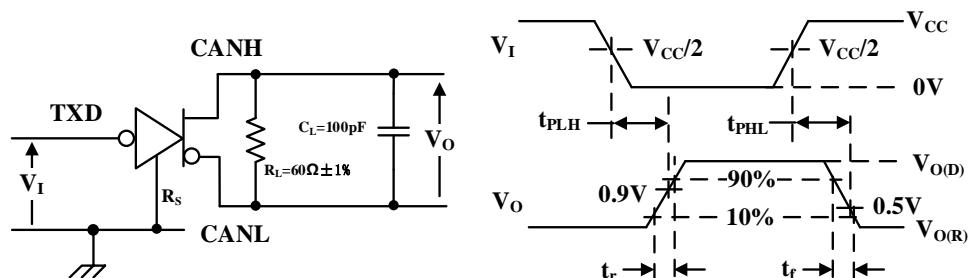
INPUTS		OUTPUTS		Bus State
TXD ⁽¹⁾	R _s ⁽¹⁾	CANH ⁽¹⁾	CANL ⁽¹⁾	
L	L	H	L	Dominate
H or Open	X	Z	Z	Recessive
X	H or Open	Z	Z	Recessive

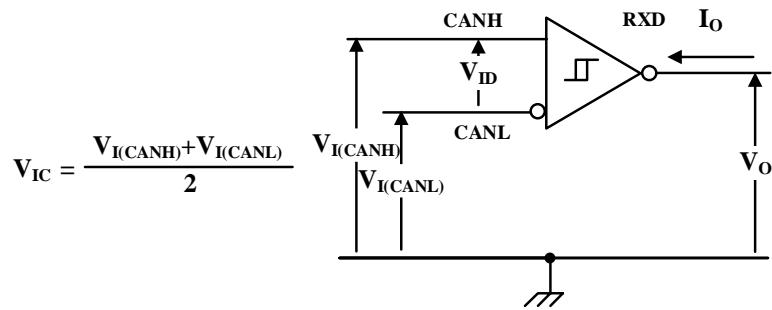
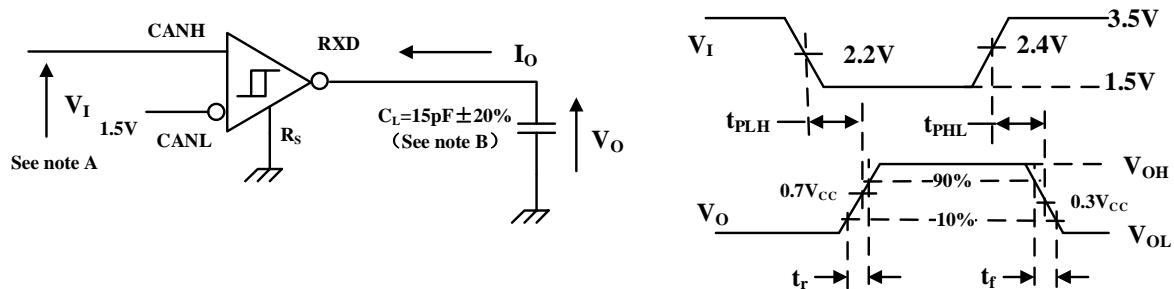
(1) H=high level; L=low level; X=irrelevant; Z=high impedance.

Table 3. RECEIVER FUNCTION TABLE

V _{ID} =CANH-CANL	RXD ⁽¹⁾	Bus State ⁽¹⁾
V _{ID} ≥0.9V	L	Dominate
0.5<V _{ID} <0.9V	?	?
V _{ID} ≤0.5V	H	Recessive
Open	H	Recessive

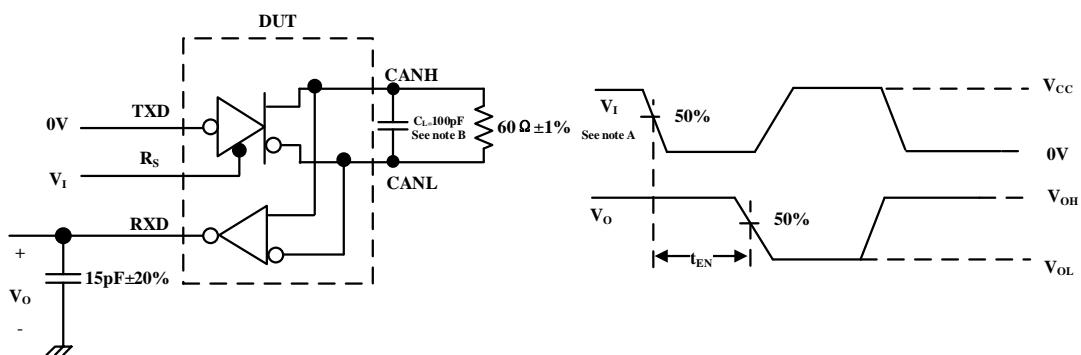
H=high-level; L=low-level; ?=uncertain.

TEST CIRCUIT

Fig 1 Driver Voltage, Current, and Test Definition

Fig.2 Bus Logic State Voltage Definition

Fig 3 Driver Vod Test Circuit

Fig 4 Driver Test Circuit and Waveform


Fig 5 Receiver Voltage and Current Definition


A: The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 125 kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_0 = 50\Omega$.

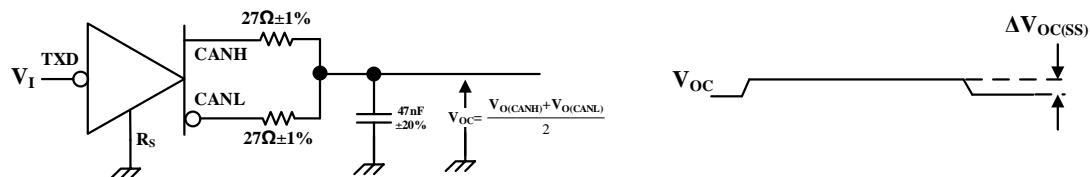
B: C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Fig 6 Receiver Test Circuit and Waveform


A: All V_I input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 25kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r < 6$ ns, $t_f < 6$ ns;

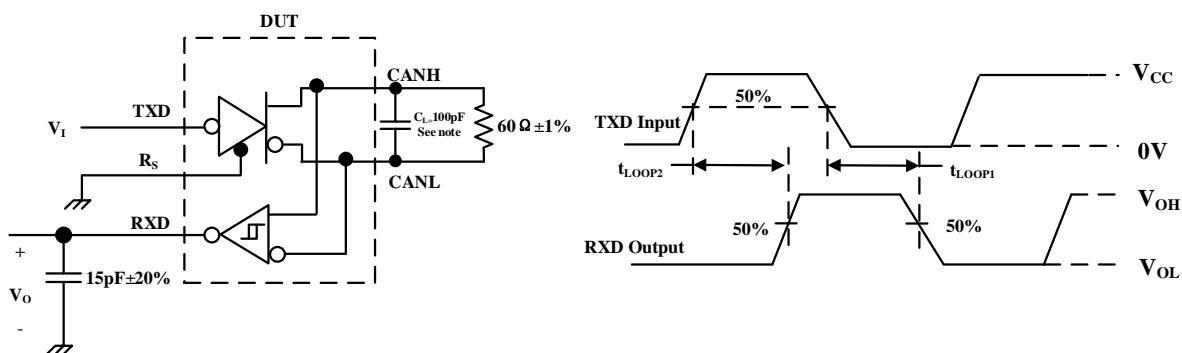
B: C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Fig 7 t_{EN} Test Circuit and Waveform



Note: VI range from 0 to VCC, the input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:
 PRR≤125kHz, 50% duty cycle, tr<6ns, tf<6ns, Zo=50Ω.

Fig 8 Peak-to-Peak Common Mode Output Voltage Test and Waveform



NOTE: C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within $\pm 20\%$.

Fig 9 $t_{(LOOP)}$ Test Circuit and Waveform

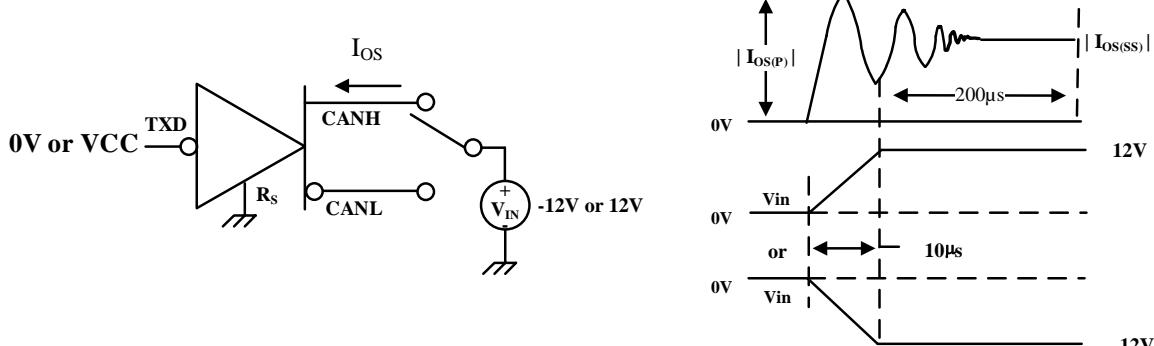


Fig 10 Driver Short-Circuit Current Test Circuit and Waveform

ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION

1 Sketch

SIT82C251 is an interface chip applied between the CAN protocol controller and the physical bus. It can be used in in-vehicle, industrial control and other fields. The rate can reach 1Mbps. It has the ability to perform between the bus and the CAN protocol controller. The ability of differential signal transmission is fully compatible with the ISO 11898 standard.

2 Short circuit protection

The driver stage of SIT82C251 has a current-limiting protection function to prevent the driver circuit from being short-circuited to the positive and negative power supply voltages. When a short-circuit occurs, the power consumption will increase. The short-circuit protection function can protect the driver stage from damage.

3 Over temperature protection

SIT82C251 has an over-temperature protection function. When the junction temperature exceeds 160°C, the current of the driver stage will be reduced, because the driver tube is the main energy-consuming part, and the current reduction can reduce the power consumption and thus reduce the chip temperature. At the same time, other parts of the chip are still working normally.

4 Electrical transient protection

Electrical transients often occur in automotive application environments. CANH and CANL of SIT82C251 have the function of preventing electrical transient damage.

5 Control mode

The control pin Rs allows two working modes to be selected:

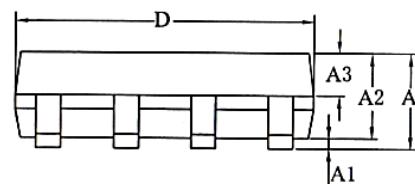
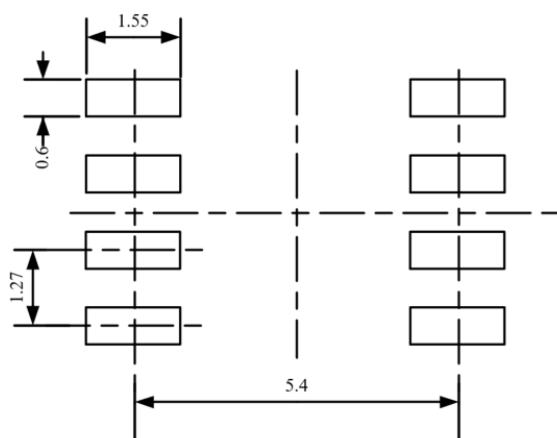
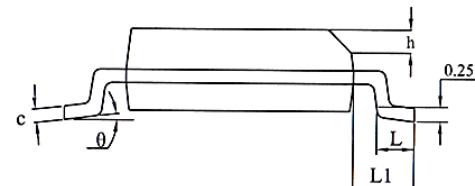
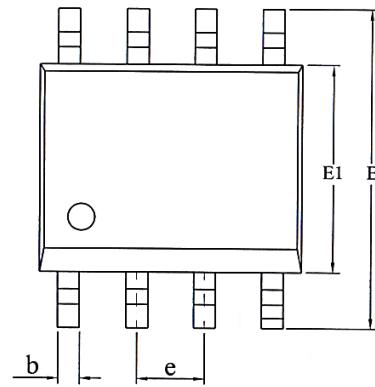
High-speed mode or low-power standby mode.

The high-speed mode is a normal operating mode and is selected by grounding the pin Rs. The transceiver can send and receive data through the bus CANH and CANL. The differential receiver converts the analog data on the bus into digital data, and outputs it to the pin RXD through a multiplexer (MUX).

If the pin Rs is connected to a high level or not connected, it works in a low-power standby mode. In the low-power standby mode, the transmitter is turned off and the receiver enters a low current state. If the receiver detects the bus dominance (bus differential voltage > 0.9V), RXD switches to low level, the MCU needs to respond to this action at this time, and enter the normal operating state by controlling the Rs pin. Because in the standby state, the current is small and the response time is longer, the first signal may be lost at a higher baud rate.

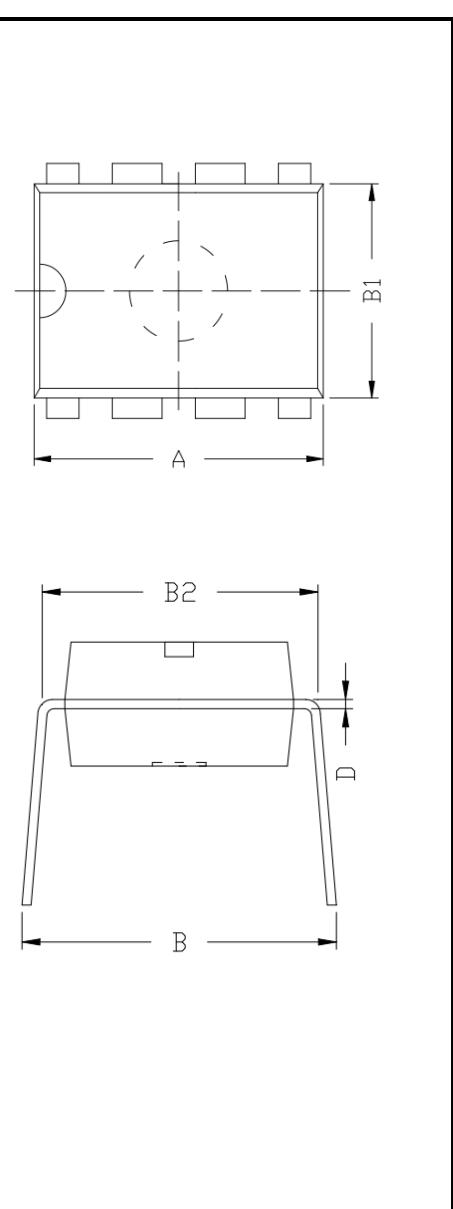
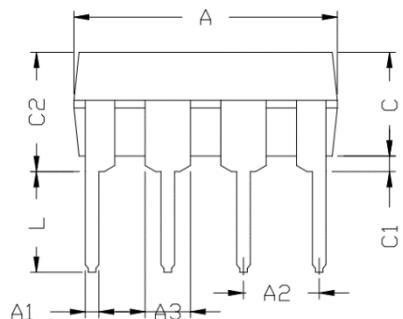
SOP8 DIMENSIONS
PACKAGE SIZE

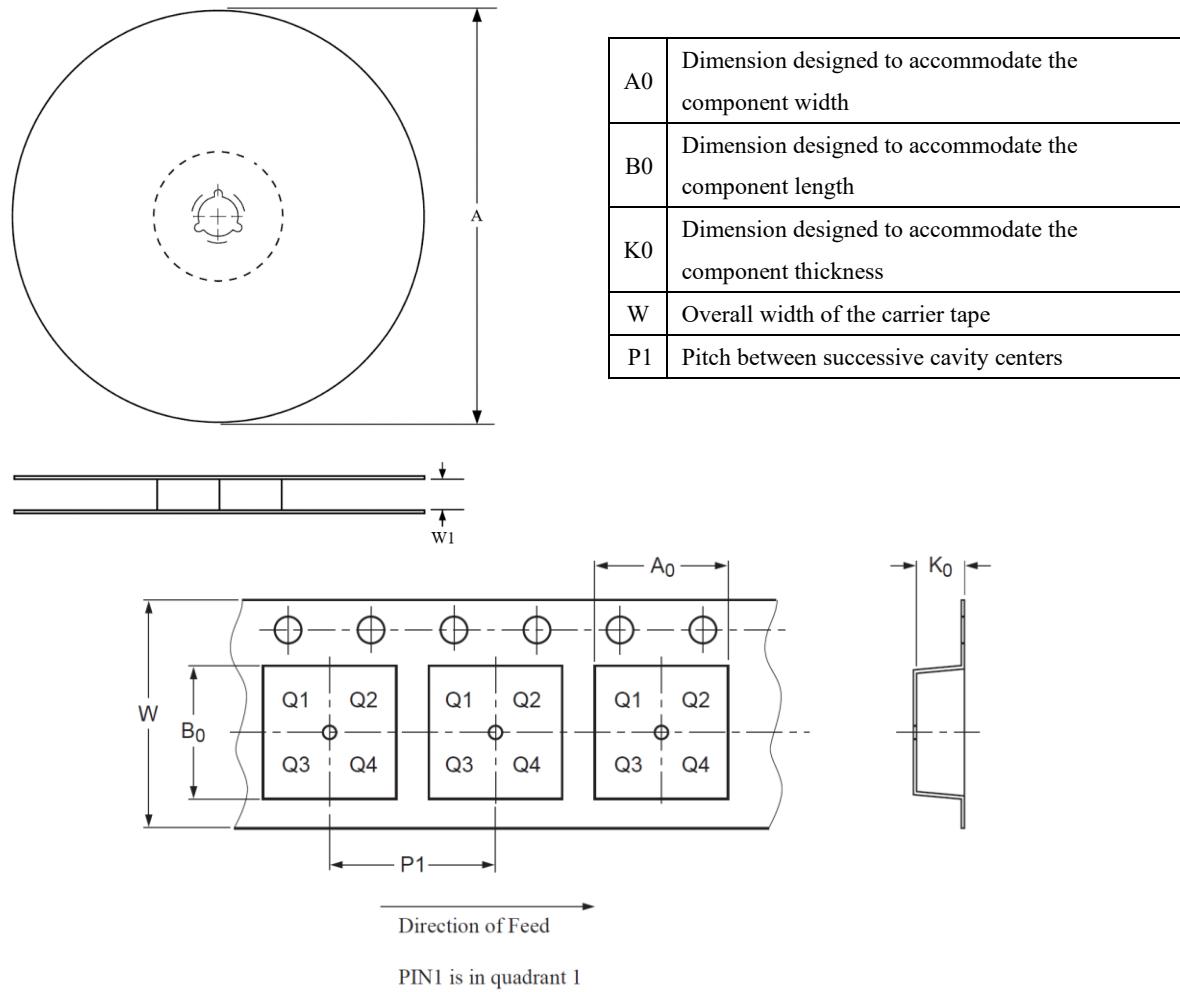
SYMBOL	MIN/mm	TYP/mm	MAX/mm
A	1.40	-	1.80
A1	0.10	-	0.25
A2	1.30	1.40	1.50
A3	0.60	0.65	0.70
b	0.38	-	0.51
D	4.80	4.90	5.00
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
e	1.27BSC		
h	0.25	-	0.50
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
L1	1.05REF		
c	0.20	-	0.25
θ	0°	-	8°


LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE (Unit: mm)

DIP8 DIMENSIONS
PACKAGE SIZE

SYMBOL	MIN/mm	TYP /mm	MAX/mm
A	9.00	9.20	9.40
A1	0.38	0.47	0.57
A2	2.54TYP		
A3	1.524TYP		
B	8.40	8.70	9.10
B1	6.20	6.40	6.60
B2	7.32	7.62	7.92
C	3.20	3.40	3.60
C1	0.50	0.60	0.80
C2	3.71	4.00	4.31
D	0.20	0.28	0.36
L	3.00	3.30	3.60



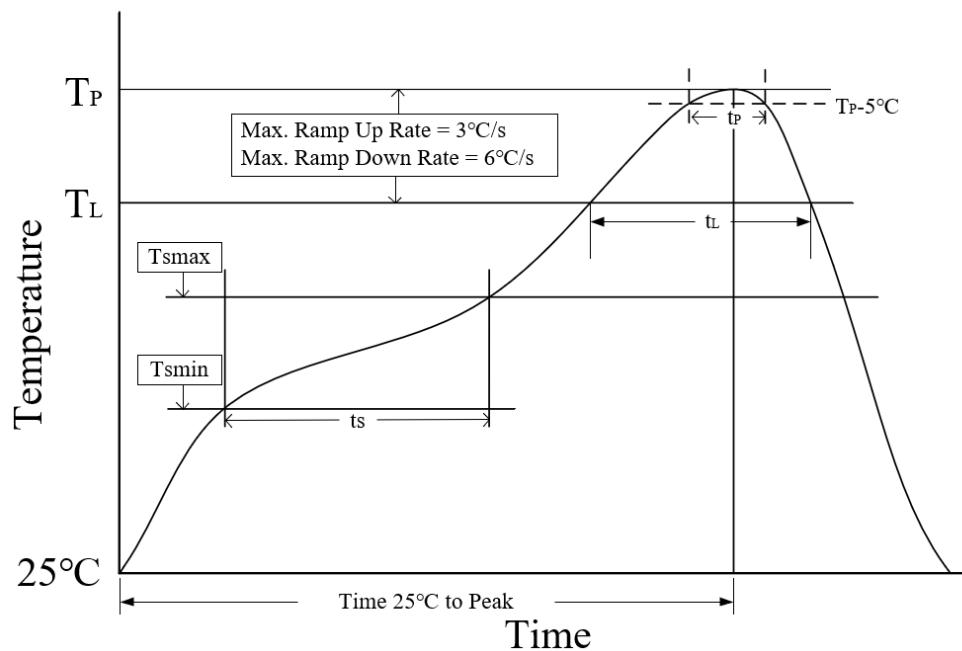
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


Package type	Reel diameter A (mm)	Tape width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)
SOP8	330±2	12.4±0.40	6.50±0.1	5.30±0.10	2.05±0.1	8.00±0.1	12.00±0.1

ORDERING INFORMATION

Type number	package	packing
SIT82C251T	SOP8	Tape and reel
SIT82C251	DIP8	Tube

SOP8 is packed with 2500 pieces/disc in braided packaging. DIP8 is packed with 50 pieces/tube in tubed packaging.

REFLOW SOLDERING


Parameter	Lead-free soldering conditions
Ave ramp up rate (T_L to T_p)	$3^\circ\text{C/second max}$
Preheat time t_s ($T_{smin}=150^\circ\text{C}$ to $T_{smax}=200^\circ\text{C}$)	60-120 seconds
Melting time t_L ($T_L=217^\circ\text{C}$)	60-150 seconds
Peak temp T_p	$260-265^\circ\text{C}$
5°C below peak temperature t_p	30 seconds
Ave cooling rate (T_p to T_L)	$6^\circ\text{C/second max}$
Normal temperature 25°C to peak temperature T_p time	8 minutes max

Important statement

SIT reserves the right to change the above-mentioned information without prior notice.

REVISION HISTORY

Version number	Data sheet status	Revision date
V1.0~V2.3	Product Datasheet.	November 2020
V2.4	Updated SOP8 dimensions; Added important statement.	January 2022
V2.5	Added ESD performance.	April 2022
V2.6	Updated virtual junction temperature range; Updated test circuit; Added tape and reel information; Updated ordering information; Added reflow soldering information; Added revision history.	May 2023